

# A General Method for Determining the Habitable Zone around a Main Sequence Star

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## Two stages of calculations

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### Stage 1: Estimate the host star's absolute luminosity based on the star's apparent visual magnitude (three steps)

**First Step** – Calculate the absolute visual magnitude of the host star based on the star's apparent magnitude.

$$M_v = m_v - 5 \log(d/10)$$

Where:

$M_v$  = Absolute magnitude of the star

$m_v$  = apparent magnitude of the star (visual spectrum)

$d$  = distance from Earth to the star in parsecs

**Second Step** – Calculate bolometric magnitude of the host star.

$$M_{bol} = M_v + BC$$

Where:

$M_{bol}$  = bolometric magnitude of the star

BC = bolometric correction constant

Use the following table for general bolometric correction values [generalized from Habetz and Heintz (1981)]

Spectral class	BC
B	-2.0
A	-0.3
F	-0.15
G	-0.4
K	-0.8
M	-2.0

**Third Step** – Calculate the absolute luminosity of the host star

$$L_{\text{star}}/L_{\text{sun}} = 10^{\left[\frac{M_{\text{bol star}} - M_{\text{bol sun}}}{-2.5}\right]}$$

Where:

$L_{\text{star}}/L_{\text{sun}}$  = the absolute luminosity of the star in terms of the absolute luminosity of the sun

$M_{\text{bol star}}$  = the bolometric magnitude of the host star

$M_{\text{bol sun}}$  = the bolometric magnitude of the sun = 4.72

2.5 is a constant value used for comparing stellar luminosities -- known as "Pogson's Ratio."

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## Stage 2: Estimate the radii of the host star's habitable zone boundaries

**One step** – Place the value for the host star's absolute luminosity (that you calculated above) into the expressions below.

$$r_i = \sqrt{\frac{L_{\text{star}}}{1.1}}$$

$$r_o = \sqrt{\frac{L_{\text{star}}}{0.53}}$$

Where:

$r_i$  = the inner boundary of the habitable zone in astronomical units (AU)

$r_o$  = the outer boundary of the habitable zone in astronomical units (AU)

$L_{\text{star}}$  is the absolute luminosity of the star

## Example

Star Gl 581

$$m_v = 10.55$$

Spectral type = M3

Distance = 6.21 parsecs

Calculate absolute visual magnitude

$$M_v = 10.55 - 5\log(6.21/10) = 11.58$$

Calculate bolometric magnitude

$$M_{\text{bol}} = 11.58 + (-2.0) = 9.58$$

Calculate absolute luminosity

$$L_{\text{Gl 581}}/L_{\text{Sun}} = 10^{\left[\frac{9.58-4.72}{-2.5}\right]} = 0.011$$

Estimate the boundaries of the habitable zone for this star

$$r_i = \sqrt{\frac{0.011}{1.1}} = 0.1 \text{ AU}$$

$$r_o = \sqrt{\frac{0.011}{0.53}} = 0.14 \text{ AU}$$

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